

▼ Lower Elementary

Key: Green indicates both Montessori and CoreKnowledge; orange indicates Montessori; blue indicates CK; **M** is a Montessori lesson; **C** are lessons indicated by CK sequence.

▼ Language

- The Story of Our Alphabet **M**
- The History of Written Language (Stories) **M**
- The History of Spoken Language (Stories) **M**

▼ Reading & Spelling

see also “Reciting Poetry” under Poetry; “Literature” under Language; and “Drama” under Performing Arts; and “Nomenclature” materials in various areas

- Assessing Reading Informally **M**
using letter cards, words cards, etc.
- Limiting the Task **M**
how many letters the child knows already versus how many are left
- 26 Letter Sounds of the Alphabet **C M**
with upper, lower, cursive, and print
- Reading Simple Words **C M**
optionally: phonetic sound game
- Puzzle Words **C M**
50+ non-decodable high frequency words
- Blending **C M**
- 26 Letter Names of the Alphabet **C M**
- Basic Phonograms with Word Lists **C M**
ai, ee, ie, oa, ue, th, /th/, ch, qu, sh, er, or, au, oo, oy, ng
- Silent “e” **C M**
- Language Experience Books **M**
original autobiographical stories by the child
- Labeling the Environment **M**
- Phonetically-decodable Stories **C M**
pausing at end-punctuation; frequent book reading
- ▼ Alternative Phonograms (Phonetic Reading Folders)
 - “ai” sound **C M**
ai, ay, er, a_e, eigh, ey, ei, a
 - “ee” sound **C M**
ee, ea, e_e, y, ie, i, e, ey
 - “ie” sound **C M**
ie, y, i_e, igh, i
 - “oa” sound **C M**
oa, oe, ow, o_e, ou, ough, o
 - “ue” sound **C M**
ue, ew, oo, u_e, ou, u, ui_e

- "er" sound **C M**
er, ir, ur
- "au" sound **C M**
a, au, aw, ough
- "ou" sound **C M**
ou, ow, ough
- "oy" sound **C M**
oy, oi
- "s" sound **M**
s, ce, ci
- "f" sound **M**
f, ph
- "e" sound **M**
e, ea
- "oo" sound **M**
oo, u (as in "put")
- "j" sound **M**
j, ge, gi
- "sh" sound **C**
sh, ti, ci, si, ch (as in "chef", "mention")
- "n" sound **A**
n, kn, gn
- "k" sound **A**
k, ch, que
- "o" sound **A**
a, ough, al, o
- "i" sound **A**
i, y, ee
- Reading Conference **C M**
one-on-one student reading with adult (informal assessment)
- ▼ Spelling
see also "Using a Dictionary" under Language / Language Conventions / Reference Skills
 - Personal Spelling Dictionary **M**
 - Commonly Misspelled Words **C M**
 - Writing from Dictation (with a Partner) **C M**
for examples and/or sources, see "Puzzle Words" and "Phonetic Reading Folders" under Language / Reading & Spelling; "Homonyms" under Language / Language Conventions / Word Study; "Contractions" under Language / Language Conventions / Written Elements; "Sayings & Phrases" under Language / Spoken Language; "Poetry" under Language; "Dramatic Interpretation" under Language / Spoken Language / Speech; and various under Language / Language Conventions / Word Study
 - Spelling Analysis of Child's Work **M**
used for planning spelling lessons
- ▼ Writing

- ▼ **Handwriting**
 - see also “Design with Metal Insets” under Geometry / Geometric Construction; “Calligraphy” under Arts / Visual Arts; and paper decoration/border ideas under Arts /
 - **Posture** M
 - **Pencil Grip** M
 - **Writing on the Line** C M
 - ▼ **Formation of Letters** C M
 - ▼ **Cursive**
 - by initial stroke
 - **i, j, p, r, s, t, u, w** M
 - **a, c, d, g, o, q** M
 - **e, l, b, h, k, f** M
 - **m, n, v, x, y, z** M
 - **Print** C
 - cf. sassoon montessori print
 - **Joining Letters** M
 - **Capital Letters** C M
 - **Handwriting Analysis of Child's Work** M
 - used for planning handwriting lessons
- ▼ **Writing Skills**
 - see also “Calligraphy” under Arts / Visual Arts; “Bookmaking” under Arts / Crafts
 - **Choosing an Illustration** C M
 - see also Arts / Visual Arts
 - **Using a Mind Map** M
 - **Creating a Title and Caption** C M
 - **Descriptive Paragraphs** C M
 - **Organizing Paragraphs** C M
 - topic sentence, details, indentation
 - **Starting with a Hook** M
 - **Conventions for Writing Dialogue** M
 - **Sentence Structure & Style** M
 - see also “Style” under Language / Writing / Skills
 - ▼ **Narrative Writing**
 - **Narrator** C M
 - see “Personal Pronouns” under Language / Language Conventions / Parts of Speech; first person, second person, third person
 - **Setting** C M
 - setting affects the mood
 - **Character** C M
 - process of characterization; main types of characters

- Plot **C M**
elements of plot
- Actions Can Reveal Thoughts/Feelings **C M**
- ▼ Research Process
 - Meaningful Question **C M**
 - Multiple Sources **C M**
 - Taking Notes **C M**
e.g. notecards
 - Organizing Notes into an Outline **C M**
see also “Using a Mind Map” under Language / Writing Skills; for possible models, see also “Question & Answer Game” and “Body Function Material” under Biology / Zoölogy; Timeline under History; “The Fundamental Needs of Human
- Initial Drafting **C M**
- Editing & Proofreading **C M**
3-part editing is author, friend, adult
- Publishing **C M**
home letters, emails, newsletter, website, bulletin board posts, public speaking/performance, visual art
- Keyboard Typing **C**
- ▼ Forms of Writing
 - Recording Works after Completion **M**
 - Simple Friendly Letters **C M**
heading, salutation, closing, signature
 - Stories **C M**
e.g. mystery, love, horror, fantasy, science fiction, historical, sequels/alternative
 - Informative/Explanatory Writing **C M**
see also Language / Writing Skills; “Pictorial Graphs” under Math / Numbers & Number Sense; “Conjunction” under Language / Language Conventions / Parts of
 - Persuasive Pieces (Opinion/Essay) **C M**
 - Poetry Writing Activities **C M**
see also “Poetry” under Language
 - ▼ Other Forms of Writing
see also genres under Language / Literature; and Drama under Arts / Performing Arts
 - Lists **M**
groceries, supplies, wish list, vacation ideas, landmarks, etc.
 - Schedules **M**
 - Acrostics **M**
 - Comment Card **M**
 - Journaling (e.g. Gratitude, Weather, etc.) **M**
 - Cartoon Strip **M**
 - Navigation Directions **M**

- Riddles **M**
- Interesting Facts **M**
- Summaries **M**
- Quizzes **M**
- Thank You/Gratitude Notes **M**
- Eulogy **M**
- Addressing and Stamping an Envelope **M**
to politicians, diplomats, companies, pen-pals, family, authors, celebrities, etc.
- Spin Wheel/Wonder Wheel **M**
- Advertisements **M**
- Instructional/How-To **M**
how to do a work, game rules, etc.
- Review **M**
- Business Letters **M**
- Parody **M**
- Allegory **M**
- ▼ **Literary Techniques**
see also “Sayings & Phrases” under Language / Spoken Language; see also
“Nomenclature for Literary Discussion” under Language / Spoken Language / Listening &
Responding / Read Aloud & Narration
 - Antithesis **M**
 - Personification **C M**
 - Metaphor **C M**
 - Simile **C M**
 - Euphemism **M**
 - Hyperbole **M**
 - Apposition **M**
 - Oxymoron **M**
 - Paradox **M**
 - Alliteration **M**
 - Assonance **M**
 - Onomatopoeia **M**
 - Repetition **M**
- ▼ **Style**
see also “Sentence Structure & Style” under Language / Writing / Skills
 - **Enrichment of Vocabulary **M****
see also “Using a Thesaurus for Diction” under Language / Language Conventions /
Reference Skills

- Using Grammar Symbols & Logical Analysis Material for Style **M**
- Analyzing Style of an Author Using Grammar Symbols **M**
- Grammar Symbols & Logical Analysis Material Used for Own Writing **M**
- Writing in Different Styles **M**
- ▼ Spoken Language
 - ▼ Listening & Responding
 - Participating in Discussions **C M**
e.g. book discussions, community meetings, impromptu discussion of displayed
 - ▼ Read-Alouds & Narration
 - Retelling a Read-Aloud Verbally **C**
communicating details & key ideas
 - Responding to a Read-Aloud Artistically **C**
see also Visual & Performing Arts, Crafts, under Arts; see Music; see Poetry under Language
 - Making Connections Between Readings **C**
 - Putting Illustrations in Order **C**
 - Describing an Illustration from Memory **C**
see also Arts / Visual Arts
 - ▼ Referring to the Text in Answering Questions
 - Questions of Author's Intent **C**
 - Questions of Character Motivation **C**
 - Questions of Cause & Effect **C**
 - Making Predictions **M**
 - Responding to Nonfiction Read Alouds (Follow-up Work) **C M**
see also “Topical Timelines” under History / History Timelines; “Mind Map” under Language / Writing / Writing Skills
 - Nomenclature for Literary Discussion
see also “Literary Techniques” under Language / Writing ; “Nomenclature for a Book” and “Nomenclature for a Story” under Language / Literature; “Nomenclature for Drama” under Arts / Performing Arts; also “Setting”, “Character”, and “Plot” under Language / Writing / Writing Skills / Narrative Writing
- ▼ Speech
 - see also “Poetry” under Language / Writing / Forms; and Drama activities under Arts / Performing Arts / Drama; and Singing activities under Music
 - Dramatic Interpretation **M**
 - Oral Presentations **C M**
clear communication
 - Speeches for Various Occasions **M**
graduations, birthdays, performances, holidays, etc.
 - Debate & Trial **M**
 - Parliamentary Debate **M**

- ▼ **Sayings & Phrases**
 - **Common Idioms, Phrases, & Proverbs** **C M**
e.g. “a place for everything, and everything in its place”
- ▼ **Literature**
see also “Poetry” under Language; “Drama” under Arts / Performing Arts
 - **Nomenclature for a Book** **C M**
author, illustrator, front cover, back cover, spine
 - **Nomenclature for a Story** **C M**
narrator, dialogue, hero, heroine, setting, character, and plot
 - ▼ **Nonfiction Genres**
 - **History** **C M**
 - **Biographies, Autobiographies, Memoirs** **C M**
 - **Instructional** **C M**
cookbooks, crafts, health, gardening, sports, hobbies, home maintenance, pet care, coding, personal organization
 - **Informational** **C M**
includes children’s books on sports, animals, etc.
 - **Fine Arts** **C M**
poetry, music, theater, visual arts
 - **Science** **C M**
 - **Humor & Commentary** **A**
 - **Travel Writing** **A**
 - **Journalism** **A**
often with interviews
 - **Philosophy & Religion** **A**
 - **Academic** **C M**
 - **Reference** **C M**
 - ▼ **Fiction Genres**
 - ▼ **Folklore**
 - **Fable** **C M**
 - **Fairy Tales** **C M**
 - **American Tall Tales** **C**
John Bunyan, John Henry, etc.
 - ▼ **Myths**
 - **Mythology of Ancient Greece and Rome** **C**
 - **Norse Mythology** **C**
 - **Sources of English Names of Days** **C M**
 - **Mystery** **M**
 - **Historical Fiction** **M**

- Adventure & Survival **M**
- Fantasy **M**
- Science Fiction **M**
- Horror **A**
- Romance **A**
- Western **A**
- Magical Realism **A**
- Realist **A**
- History of Literature **M**
see also History Timelines under History
- ▼ Poetry
see also “Poetry Writing Activities” under Language / Writing / Forms of Writing
 - Reciting Poems **C M**
 - Introducing Poetry Books **C M**
 - ▼ Meters
 - Iambic **M**
 - Trochaic **M**
 - Dactylic **M**
 - Anapestic **C M**
 - Amphibraic **M**
 - Spondee **M**
 - Kinds of Rhymes **M**
 - ▼ Rhyming Poems
 - Couplet **M**
 - Quatrain **M**
 - Limerick **C M**
see also “Anapestic” under Forms of Language / Poetry / Meters
 - ▼ Non-Rhyming Poems
 - Cinquain **M**
 - Haiku **M**
 - Tonka **M**
 - Diamonte **M**
 - ▼ Other Forms of Poems
 - Weathergram **M**
 - Haibun **M**
 - Paradelle **M**

- Villanelle **M**
- Sonnet **M**
- Sestina **M**
- Core Poems for Read Aloud **C**
traditional & contemporary
- ▼ Language Conventions
Word Study, Grammar, Syntax, etc.
 - ▼ Word Study
 - Suffixes **C M**
 - Word Roots **C M**
e.g. vision, visible, visualize
 - Prefixes **C M**
 - ▼ Classified Suffixes
meaning of suffixes
 - er, or **C M**
 - ly **C M**
 - less **C**
 - Compound Words **C M**
 - Word Families **M**
 - ▼ Classified Prefixes
meaning of prefixes
 - "re" meaning again **C**
 - "un" meaning not **C**
 - "dis" meaning not **C**
 - "un" meaning opposite or reversing **C**
 - "dis" meaning opposite or reversing **C**
 - Synonyms
see also "Verb Command Cards" under Parts of Speech / The Verb
 - Antonyms **C M**
 - ▼ Homonyms
same spelling or same pronunciation; different meaning
 - ▼ Homophones **C M**
same pronunciation, different spelling
 - there/their/they're **C**
 - your/you're **C**
 - its/it's **C**
 - here/hear **C**
 - to/too/two **C M**

- **Homographs/Heteronyms** **M**
same spelling, different pronunciation & meaning
- ▼ **Written Elements**
can be examined in the context of writing or of reading
 - **End Punctuation** **C M**
periods (see “Subject & Predicate”), question marks, exclamation points (see “The Interjection” under Parts of Speech)
 - **Commas** **C M**
letter greetings & closings; dates; between city, state; after ‘yes’ or ‘no’; items in a
 - **Quotation Marks for Speech** **C M**
 - **Contractions** **C M**
I’m, can’t, isn’t, etc.
 - **Apostrophes for Possession** **C M**
singular, plural
 - **Capitalization** **C**
first word in a sentence, pronoun ‘I’, proper nouns, months, days of week, titles of people, addresses
 - **Abbreviations for Months, Days, Titles, & Addresses** **C**
St., Rd. Ms., Mrs., Mr., Dr., U.S.A., ft., in., lb.
- ▼ **Reference Skills**
 - **Alphabetizing Words to the First Letter** **C M**
 - **Alphabetizing Words to the Second Letter** **C M**
 - **Using a Dictionary for Definitions & Usage** **C M**
 - **Using a Dictionary for Spelling & Etymology** **C M**
 - **Using a Thesaurus for Diction** **C**
 - **Using a Table of Contents & an Index** **C**
- ▼ **Parts of Speech**
 - ▼ **The Noun**
 - **Oral Introduction** **M**
 - **Names Are Very Old** **M**
 - **The Story of the Multitude** **M**
 - **Noun Name and Symbol** **C M**
 - **Lists of Nouns** **C M**
 - ▼ **Noun Number (Singular & Plural)**
 - **Oral Introduction** **M**
 - **Card Work** **M**
 - **Spelling Changes for Plural** **C M**
 - ▼ **Noun Gender**
 - **Oral Introduction** **M**

- Masculine & Feminine **M**
- Gender & Young **M**
- ▼ Classification of Nouns
 - Proper & Common Nouns **C M**
 - Concrete & Abstract Nouns **C M**
 - Material & Collective Nouns **M**
 - Noun Classification Chart **C M**
- ▼ The Article

n.b. articles are now considered a special kind of adjective, cf. determiners

 - Oral Introduction **C M**
 - Article Grammar Box **C M**
 - Definite and Indefinite Articles **C M**
- ▼ The Adjective
 - Oral Introduction **C M**
 - Adjective Grammar Box **C M**
 - Noun Family Chart **M**
 - Adjective Transposition **M**
 - Adjective Command Cards **C M**
 - ▼ Classification of Adjectives

superlative, comparative, positive

 - Box III F **C M**
 - Box III G **C M**
- ▼ The Verb

for Action & Auxiliary, Regular & Irregular, and Tenses, see Language / Language Conventions / Parts of Speech / Verb Tenses

 - Oral Introduction **C M**
 - Verb Grammar Box **C M**
 - Impressionistic Chart of Noun Family & Verb **M**
 - Verb Transposition **M**
 - Verb Command Cards & Synonyms **C M**
- ▼ The Preposition
 - Oral Introduction **M**
 - Preposition Grammar Box **M**
 - Transposition **M**
 - Preposition Command Cards **M**
- ▼ The Adverb
 - Oral Introduction **C M**

- Adverb Grammar Box **C M**
- Adverb Transposition **M**
- Adverb Command Cards **C M**
- ▼ The Pronoun
 - see also “Personal Pronouns” under Parts of Speech
 - Oral Introduction **C M**
 - Grammar Box **C M**
 - Pronoun Command Cards **C M**
- ▼ The Conjunction
 - Oral Introduction **C M**
 - Conjunction Grammar Box **C M**
 - Transposition **M**
 - Conjunction Command Cards **C M**
 - Subordinating & Coordinating Conjunctions **C**
- ▼ The Interjection
 - Oral Introduction **M**
 - Grammar Box **M**
- Personal Pronouns **C M**
 - see also “Personal Pronouns” under Sentence Structure (Logical Analysis)
- ▼ Verb Tenses
 - requires “Personal Pronouns”
 - Present Tense **C M**
 - Past Tense **C M**
 - including regular and irregular (strong and weak) verbs
 - Auxiliary Verbs **C M**
 - auxiliary vs. action verbs
 - Future Tense **C M**
 - Present Perfect Tense **C M**
 - Past Perfect Tense **C M**
 - Future Perfect Tense **C M**
- ▼ Other Verb Aspects
 - Infinitive & Mood of the Verb **M**
 - Negative Form of the Verb **M**
 - Transitive & Intransitive Verbs **M**
 - Reflexive Verbs & Pronouns **M**
 - requires some experience with logical analysis of sentence structure
 - Active & Passive Voice **M**
 - requires logical analysis of sentence structure

- ▼ **Sentence Structure (Logical Analysis)**
 - **Types of Sentences** **C**
 - declarative, interrogative, imperative (see also “Elliptical Construction” under Simple Sentence), exclamatory (see also “Interjection” under Parts of Speech)
 - ▼ **Simple Sentences**
 - one subject and predicate
 - **Subject & Predicate** **C** **M**
 - n.b. verb is an incomplete/simple predicate; verb and object are a complete
 - **Direct Object** **M**
 - **Adverbial Modifiers** **M**
 - **Indirect Object** **M**
 - **Elliptical Construction** **M**
 - **Inverted Order** **M**
 - **Personal Pronouns** **M**
 - **Attributives (Adjectival Modifiers)** **M**
 - **Appositive** **M**
 - **Long Simple Sentence** **M**
 - ▼ **Further Analysis of Simple Sentences**
 - **Analysis with Action Verb (with Chart A)** **M**
 - **Noun of Direct Address (with Chart A)** **M**
 - **Analysis (with Arrows & Circles with Names Only)** **M**
 - **Linking Verb (with Chart A)** **M**
 - **Writing Analysis on Paper** **M**
 - **Modal Verbs (Arrow Material)** **M**
 - **Verbal Nouns/Gerunds (with Chart A)** **M**
 - **Participles (with Chart A)** **M**
 - **Infinitives** **M**
 - **Complete Sentences vs. Fragments** **C**
 - see also “Subject & Predicate” under Simple Sentence
 - **Compound Sentences** **C** **M**
 - more than one subject or predicate
 - ▼ **Complex Sentences**
 - contains a subordinate clause
 - **Adjectival Clause** **C** **M**
 - **Adverbial Clause** **M**
 - **Direct Object Clause** **M**
 - **Indirect Object Clause** **M**
 - **Subject Clause** **M**

- ▼ Further Analysis of Complex Sentences
 - Analysis with Chart B **M**
 - Analysis (with Arrows & Circles with Names Only) **M**
 - Writing Analysis on Paper **M**
 - Analysis of Compound Complex Sentences **M**
 - Dependency of Clauses **M**
 - Analysis of Dependency with Chart C **M**
 - Conjunctions & Subordinate Clauses with Chart D **M**
- Academic Words
 - e.g. compare, infer, describe
- ▼ History
 - see also “Time” under Measurement in Math
 - The Black Strip **M**
 - The Great Story: The Coming of Human Beings **M**
 - The Hand Timeline **M**
 - The Clock of Eras **M**
 - First Timeline of Human Beings **M**
 - The Fundamental Needs of Human Beings **M**
 - The Second Timeline of Human Beings **M**
 - BCE/CE timeline **M**
 - Timeline of Child's Life **M**
 - ▼ History Timelines **C** **M**
 - With stories and books.
 - ▼ World Religions (Geography, Symbols, Figures) **C**
 - The history of Judaism, Christianity, and Islam **C**
 - ▼ Early Exploration & Settlement **C**
 - Columbus' voyage, the Pilgrims, and July 4th “Independence Day” **C**
 - The Conquistadors, and the English settlers in Virginia, Massachusetts, and slavery on Southern plantations. **C**
 - Spanish exploration and settlement **C**
 - The search for the Northwest Passage **C**
 - ▼ American History **C**
 - Famous U.S. presidents. **C**
 - The American flag and famous landmarks. **C**
 - ▼ The American Revolution **C**
 - Location of the 13 colonies. **C**
 - The story of the American Revolution. **C**

- The story of the American Revolution. **C**
- The geography of the 13 colonies, and the history of New England, Middle, and Southern Colonies **C**
- The story of the Constitution. **C**
- The War of 1812. **C**
- ▼ Westward Expansion **C**
 - The geography and figures of early American expansion past the Appalachians. **C**
 - Further expansion Westward and effects on Native Americans. **C**
 - Major figures of the Civil War, and its story. **C**
 - History of immigration and modern citizenship. **C**
 - Suffragettes, civil rights leaders, and other activists for freedom. **C**
- Topical Timelines **M**
- ▼ Ancient Civilizations **C M**
 - ▼ Early World Civilizations **C**
 - Mesopotamia. **C**
 - Sumer **M**
 - Important facts about Ancient Egypt. **C M**
 - Ancient Greece, the events, communities, and great figures. **C M**
 - ▼ Ancient Rome **C M**
 - Geography of Mediterranean **C**
 - Early history and republic **C**
 - Figures, symbols, and events of the Empire **C**
 - Rome's decline and fall **C**
 - Eastern Roman Empire **C**
 - ▼ Early Asian Civilizations **C**
 - The history, rivers, religions, and traditions of China (Yellow River), India (Indus Valley), and Japan. **C M**
 - ▼ Amerindian Peoples, Past & Present **C**
 - At least one Native American people and their past and present way of life. **C**
 - The story of the first peoples arriving in North America. **C**
 - The Maya, Aztecs, and Inca **C M**
 - Inuits, Anasazi, and Mound Builders as early migrants **C**
 - Native American peoples and ways of life in the Southeast, Southwest, and Woodlands **C**
 - ▼ Vikings **C**

- ▼ Vikings **C**
 - The geography, historical figures, and way of life **C**
 - Medieval Europe **M**
- ▼ Modern Mexico **C**
 - The geography and culture of Mexico. **C**
- Modern Japan **C**
- History Question Charts **M**
- Three Phases of History **M**
- ▼ Migrations **M**
 - Breaking the Wall **M**
 - Clearing the Forest **M**
 - The Triplet Chart **M**
 - Billiard Ball **M**
 - Horde **M**
 - Infiltration and Fusion **M**
- ▼ [In Progress] Geography & Physics
 - ▼ Human Geography
 - Map: Town and State
 - Map: The United States of America
 - ▼ Economic Geography
 - Some foods come from farms as crops, protected from weeds and pests, harvested, kept fresh, packages, and transported for purchase and consumption.
Where does our bread come from?
 - Map: Canada, the USA, Mexico, and Central America
 - Map: Countries of Central America and the Carribean
 - Map: Capitals of the Countries of North America.
 - Map: 50 State Capitals
 - Map: China, India, Japan
 - Map: Territories of the United States
 - South America: Peoples, Nations, History
 - Countries of Africa
 - Countries of Europe
 - Countries of Asia
 - Countries of Oceania
- ▼ Canada

- Provinces
- Major cities: Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Vancouver
- ▼ Physical Geography
 - ▼ Spatial Sense
 - Finds on a map east, west, north, south.
 - Locates the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, North and South Poles.
 - Familiar with keys, or legends, and their contents.
 - Measures straight line distances using bar scale.
 - Uses an atlas to find information.
 - ▼ Terminology
 - Familiar with terms peninsula, harbor, bay, island
 - Familiar with terms coast, valley, prairie, desert, oasis
 - Familiar with terms boundary, channel, delta, isthmus, plateau, reservoir, strait
 - Familiar with river terms: source, mouth, tributary, branches, drainage basin
- Identifies and locates seven continents.
- Five oceans: Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic, Southern.
- Map: the Great Lakes
- Map: the Gulf of Mexico, the Caribbean Sea, and the West Indies
- Map: Appalachian and Rocky Mountains
- Rivers of North America
- ▼ Rivers of the World
 - Asia: Ob, Yellow (Huang He), Yangtze (Chang Jiang), Ganges, Indus, Tigris, Euphrates
 - South America: Amazon, Parana, Orinoco
 - North America: Mississippi and major tributaries, Mackenzie, Yukon
 - Australia: Murray-Darling
 - Europe: Volga, Danube, Rhine
 - Africa: Nile, Niger, Congo
- Mountain Ranges of North America
- ▼ Seasons & Weather
 - Familiar with the four seasons and accompanying weather.
 - Knows the Sun is a source of light and warmth.
- Familiarity with the water cycle.

- Familiarity with kinds of clouds.
- ▼ The Earth
 - Identifies the North Pole, South Pole, and Equator.
 - Identifies the layers of the earth: crust, mantle, core.
 - Understands volcanoes and geysers.
 - Familiar with formation and characteristics of different rocks: metamorphic, igneous, sedimentary.
 - Familiar with important minerals: quartz, gold, sulfur, coal, diamond, iron ore.
- ▼ Stewardship
 - Understands that some natural resources are limited, and ways we can conserve them.
 - Familiar with materials that can be recycled, the danger of pollution, and ways to reduce pollution.
- ▼ Physics
 - Including Astronomy
 - ▼ Astronomy
 - Knows the sun is a source of energy, light, and heat.
 - Knows the moon's phases (full, half, crescent, new)
 - Identifies the nine planets.
 - Stars: familiar with the constellation the Big Dipper, and knows the sun is a star.
 - ▼ Familiar with planet Earth's motions and their effects.
 - The earth revolves around the sun, and rotates, which makes days, sunrise and sunset.
 - When it is day where you are, it is night for people on the other side of the globe.
 - Sunrise is in the east and sunset in the west.
 - The seasons are caused by the earth's orbit and tilt of axis.
 - Familiar with the "Big Bang" as a theory of the beginning of the universe.
 - Understands the scale of the universe is almost unimaginable.
 - Knows what a galaxy is, and familiar with Andromeda and the Milky Way.
 - Knows the concept of gravity, gravitational pull, and aware of tides and black holes.
 - Familiar with asteroids, comets, meteors, including Halley's Comet.
 - Aware of types of eclipses.
 - Aware of various stars and constellations.

- Aware of various stars and constellations.
- Able of orienteering using the North Star and the Big Dipper.
- Aware of the history of space observation, including the use of telescopes.
- Aware of the history of rockets, satellites, and unmanned and manned space flight.
- Familiar with the Apollo 11 lunar landing.
- Aware of the space shuttle program.
- ▼ Matter
 - Understands basic concept of atom.
 - Names and gives examples for three states of matter: solid, liquid, gas.
 - Familiar with water's three states of matter.
- ▼ Electricity
 - Familiar with static electricity.
 - Identifies parts of a basic electric circuit: battery, wire, bulb/buzzer, and switch.
 - Categorizes conductive and non-conductive materials.
 - Knows electrical safety rules.
- ▼ Magnetism
 - Understands that some forces, like magnets, work without being seen.
 - Classifies materials as magnetic or not.
 - Poles of a magnet.
 - Familiar with lodestones, magnetic poles seeking north and south, magnetic field, attraction and repelling, and iron in magnets.
 - Use of magnetized needle in compass.
- ▼ Machines
 - Simple machines: levers, pulleys, wheel-and-axle, gears, wedge, screw, inclined plane, and friction
 - Compound machines, such as: scissors, pencil sharpener, bicycle, wheelbarrow, etc.
- ▼ Light & Optics
 - Knows that light travels exceedingly fast.
 - Knows that light travels in straight lines.
 - Aware of objects being transparent, translucent or opaque.
 - Aware of mirrors being plane, convex, or concave.
 - Aware of some uses of mirrors, as in telescopes and some microscopes.

- Knows that white light is made up of a spectrum (cf. prism).
- Knows that light can be bent with lenses: magnifying glass, microscope, camera, telescope, binoculars.
- ▼ Sound
 - Knows that sound is caused by an object vibrating rapidly.
 - Aware that sound can travel through solids, liquids, and gases.
 - Aware that sound waves are much slower than light waves.
 - Understands physical qualities of sound vibrations: pitch, intensity
 - Knows that the human voice comes from the larynx, and aware of the effect of the length and thickness of the vocal cords.
 - Aware of protective measures for your hearing.
- ▼ Science Biographies
 - Isaac Newton, Rachel Carson, George Washington Carver, Abbe Cleveland
 - Galileo, Shi Shen, Gan De, & Wu Xian, Jacque Cousteau, Gordon Gould, Archimedes
 - Dmitiri Mendeleev, John James Audubon, Marie Tharp, Louis Pasteur
 - Petrus Peregrinus de Maricourt, Elijah McCoy, Gregor Mendel, John Muir, Edward D. Cope & Othniel C. Marsh, Evangelista Torricelli, Benjamin Franklin, Tetsuya Fujita & Alan Pearson
- ▼ Biology
 - ▼ The Story of the Coming of Life with the Timeline of Life **M**
 - Scientists analyze and interpret fossils (bones, amber, traces, impressions) for evidence of how organisms and environments have changed over time. **C**
 - ▼ Botany **C M**
 - ▼ Needs of Plants **C M**
 - Basic Needs **C M**
Warmth, Light, Water
 - Plants Grow toward Light **M**
 - Further Needs of Plants **C M**
Minerals
 - ▼ The Leaf **C M**
 - Main Function **C M**
Producing Glucose as Food
 - Arrangements **M**
 - Stomata **M**
 - Leaves Give Off Water **M**
 - Leaves Give Off Oxygen **M**

- Parts of the Leaf **M**
- ▼ Varieties of Leaves **M**
 - Different Venations **M**
 - Simple and Compound Leaves **M**
 - Simple Classification **M**
 - ▼ Varieties of Leaves by Other Functions **M**
 - Two kinds of plants: deciduous and evergreen. **C**
- ▼ The Root **C M**
 - Main Function **M**
 - Roots Grow Around Objects **M**
 - Parts of the Root **M**
 - Collaboration between Roots and Leaves **M**
 - Roots Hold the Plant to the Earth **M**
 - Roots Help Prevent Erosion **M**
 - Two Main Types of Roots **M**
 - Other Sensitivities of the Root **M**
 - Roots Grow toward the Ground **M**
 - Varieties of Root **M**
- ▼ The Stem **C M**
 - Main Function **M**
 - Two Main Kinds of Stems **M**
 - Parts of a Wood Stem **M**
 - How Water is Moved through the Stem **M**
 - ▼ Varieties of Stems **M**
 - Underground Stems **M**
 - Erect and Procumbent Stems **M**
 - Climbing Stems **M**
- ▼ The Flower **C M**
 - Main Function **C M**
 - Parts of a Flower **M**
 - Parts of the Pistil **M**
 - Parts of the Stamen **M**
 - ▼ Varieties According to Flower Parts **M**
 - Complete, Incomplete **M**
 - Perfect, Imperfect **M**

- Position of the Ovary in Relation to the Flower Parts **M**
- Simple Classification **M**
- ▼ Specialization of Flowers to Ensure Pollination **M**
 - Flower of Insects **M**
 - Who Does the Adverting and How? **M**
 - Another Way to Advertise **M**
 - Other Ways Pollination Occurs **M**
 - Flowers: Follow-Up Activities **M**
- ▼ Fruit **C M**
 - Main Function of the Fruit **C M**
 - Two Kinds of Fruit **M**
 - Parts of the Succulent Fruit **M**
 - Kinds of Succulent Fruits, Based on Parts **M**
 - Kinds of Succulent Fruits, Based on Flowers **M**
 - Kinds of Dry Fruits **M**
- ▼ The Seed **C M**
 - Main Function and Parts of Seeds **C M**
Seeds as food for new plant
 - Two Kinds of Seeds **M**
 - Seed Dispersal **C M**
 - Nomenclature Cards **M**
 - Botany Command Cards **M**
- ▼ Zoölogy **C M**
 - ▼ Animal Stories **C M**
 - Introduction **M**
 - Reading Activity with Animal Story Material **M**
Life cycles; including insects (“helpful” and “harmful”; “social” and “solitary”; body part names); animals live in habitats they are suited to. **C**
 - Sorting Activity with Animals' Foods **M**
 - ▼ Question and Answer Game **C M**
 - Describing an Animal from Animal Stories **M**
 - Classifying Animal Pictures with Questions and Answers **M**
 - ▼ Animal Exploration Activities **C M**
 - Vertebrates & Invertebrates **C M**
 - Cold-blooded vs. Warm-blooded **C**
 - Metamorphoses: Frogs, Butterflies, etc. **C**

- ▼ **Body Functions of Animals** **M**
 - Five classes of vertebrates and characteristics **C**
 - **Matching Complete Text Cards** **M**
 - **Using Incomplete Text Cards** **M**
- ▼ **Scientific Classification** **M**
 - ▼ **Kingdom Vegetalia** **M**
 - **Classification - Presentation of Folders** **M**
 - **Classification - Alternative Presentation of Folders** **M**
 - **Classification - Book Work** **M**
 - **Classification - Genera** **M**
 - **Classification - Geneology of a Plant** **M**
 - **Tree of Classification - Kingdom Vegetalia** **M**
 - ▼ **Kingdom Animalia** **M**
 - **Classification - Presentation of Folders** **M**
 - **Classification - Geneology of an Animal** **M**
 - **Tree of Classification - Kingdom Animalia** **M**
- ▼ **The Human Body** **C** **M**
 - **Vaccinations.** **C**
 - **Taking care of your body means exercise/movement, cleanliness, healthy food, and rest.** **C**
 - **The Great River** **M**
 - ▼ **Cells comprise tissues, tissues comprise organs.** **C**
 - **Cell Types: Stem, Bone, Blood, Muscle, Fat, Skin, Nerve**
 - ▼ **Body systems: digestive, excretory, muscular, skeletal, nervous, and vision/hearing.**
 - ▼ **Vision and Hearing** **C**
 - **Parts of the eye (cornea, iris and pupil, lens, retina), optic nerve, farsighted, nearsighted** **C**
 - **Sound as vibration, outer ear, ear canal, eardrum, three tiny bones (hammer, anvil, and stirrup) pass vibrations to the cochlea, auditory nerve** **C**
 - **Digestive system: salivary glands, taste buds, teeth, esophagus, stomach, etc.** **C**
 - ▼ **Nervous system.** **C**
 - **brain, nerves** **C**
 - **spinal cord, reflexes, brain: medulla, cerebellum, cerebrum, cerebral cortex** **C**
 - **Circulatory system: heart, blood.** **C**

- Circulatory system: heart, blood. **C**
- ▼ Muscular system. **C**
 - muscles **C**
 - involuntary and voluntary muscles **C**
- Digestive system: mouth, stomach. **C**
- ▼ Skeletal system. **C**
 - skeleton, bones, skull **C**
 - marrow, spinal column, vertebrae, ribs, rib cage, sternum, scapula, pelvis, tibia, fibula, broken bones, x-rays, musculoskeletal connections: ligaments, tendon (Achilles), cartilage **C**
- ▼ Ecology **C M**
 - ▼ Foundational Concepts **C M**
 - Biotic, Abiotic **C M**
 - Producer, Consumer (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary), Decomposer **C M**
 - Herbivores, Carnivores, Omnivores **C M**
 - Symbiosis (Mutualism, Commensalism, Parasitism) **M**
 - ▼ Further Concepts **C M**
 - Food Web **C M**
 - Seasonal changes affect ecosystems **C**
 - Animals can change their ecosystem directly (e.g. beavers, zebra mussels) **C**
 - Animals can change their ecosystem indirectly (e.g. disappearance of predators may lead to over-grazing and desertification) **C**
 - Plants can change their ecosystem (e.g. hyacinth, kudzu) **C**
 - Environment can affect variations in a species' traits for survival & reproduction **C**
 - ▼ Ecosystems **C M**
 - Ocean **C**
fish, plankton, whales, oysters, and starfish
 - Tundra **C**
plants of small size, etc.
 - Tropical forest **C**
vines, epiphytes, etc.
 - Desert **C**
cactus, lizard, and scorpion
 - Underground **C**
fungi, moles, and worms
 - Meadow and Prairie **C**
wildflowers, grasses, and prairie dogs

- Deciduous Forest **C**
 - oak trees, squirrels, raccoons, snails, and mice
- Ponds, lakes, rivers, and streams **C**
- ▼ Stewardship **C**
 - Dangers to ocean life, including overfishing, pollution, oil spills **C**
 - Dangers to land ecosystems, including rainforest clearing, development, and pollution **C**
 - Sources of land, air, and water pollution sources: emissions, smog, industrial waste, farm run-off water **C**
 - Protective measures: conservation, sustainable farming, reforestation, recycling, etc. **C**
- Chart of Interdependencies **M**
- ▼ Arts
 - ▼ Visual Arts **C M**
 - ▼ Elements of Art **C M**
 - ▼ Color **C M**
 - Observe color in works of art.
 - Hue **M**
 - Secondary colors **M**
 - Tertiary colors **M**
 - Highlight **M**
 - Shadow **M**
 - Intensity **M**
 - Harmony **M**
 - Warm, cool, and complementary colors **M**
 - Line **C M**
 - Texture: describing by feel and sight, like rough, bumpy, etc. **C M**
 - Light and space **C M**
 - Observe light and space in artworks.
 - Shape **M**
 - Form **M**
 - Texture **M**
 - ▼ Principles of Design **M**
 - Observe how elements work together in artwork.
 - Balance **M**
 - Movement **M**
 - Rhythm **M**
 - Emphasis **M**

- Emphasis **M**
- Harmony/unity **M**
- Proportion **M**
- Variety **M**
- ▼ Kinds of Pictures **C**
 - Portrait or self-portrait **C**
 - Still Life **C**
 - Mural **C**
 - Landscape **C**
- ▼ Drawing **M**
 - Scribble art with labelling **M**
 - Ten steps of gradation from black to white **M**
 - Modified contour drawing **M**
 - Drawing negative space **M**
 - Drawing something upside-down **M**
 - Drawing different types of lines **M**
 - Color and line in student's work **C**
 - Drawing a sphere **M**
 - Seeing geometric shapes in an object to draw **M**
 - Cross hatching **M**
 - Stippling **M**
 - Using a vanishing point **M**
 - Using colored pencils **M**
 - Using charcoal **M**
- Calligraphy **M**
- ▼ Painting **M**
 - Mixing primary colors to make other colors **C**
 - Using acrylic paints **M**
 - Using watercolors: wet on wet, dry on dry, wet on dry, dry on wet **M**
 - Using watercolors: layering, blending, lifting off **M**
 - Dry brush (dry on dry) drawing techniques **M**
- ▼ Clay Building **M**
 - Coil pot **M**
 - Pinch pot **M**
 - Building a clay model **M**

- Print-making **M**
- Collage **M**
- ▼ Sculpture **C**
 - Recognizeable sculptures within the United States **C**
 - Origami **M**
- ▼ Art Styles & Movements **C M**
 - Abstract Art **C M**
 - Impressionism **M**
 - Pointillism **M**
- ▼ Architecture **C**
 - Symmetry and line of symmetry **C**
 - Historical architectures **C**
- ▼ Prehistoric and Ancient Art **C**
 - Cave paintings **C**
 - Art of Egypt **C**
 - Art of Rome and Byzantium **C**
- Amerindian Art **C**
- Biographies and Works of Artists **M**
- ▼ Crafts **M**
 - Bookmaking **M**
 - Sewing **M**
 - Embroidery **M**
 - Braiding and knots **M**
 - Crochet & knitting **M**
- ▼ Performing Arts
 - Nomenclature for Drama **C M**
actors, actresses, costumes, scenery, props, theater, audience, stage
 - Dramatic Productions **M**
 - Improvisation & Dramatic Games **M**
see also “Dramatic Interpretation” under Language / Spoken Language / Speech
 - Readers Theater **A**
 - Skits **M**
see also “Grace & Courtesy” under Life Skills
- ▼ [In Progress] Music
 - ▼ Elements of Music
 - Familiar with, through singing and playing, rhythm, melody, harmony, form, timbre, etc.

- Familiar with, through singing and playing, rhythm, melody, harmony, form, timbre, etc.
- Familiar with whole note, half note, and quarter note.
- Familiar with staff, treble clef, whole rest, half rest, quarter rest
- Familiar with C major, using “do re mi”
- ▼ Listening
 - Familiar with the form and sound of common instruments.
 - Familiar with several classic works.
- ▼ Composers
 - Defines a composer.
 - Familiar with Mozart and one of his works.
- ▼ Orchestra
 - Familiar with families: strings, brass, woodwinds, percussion.
 - Understands who the “conductor” is.
 - Familiar with string family: violin, viola, cello, double bass.
 - Familiar with percussion family: drums, snare, xylophone, wood block, maracas, cymbals, triangle, tambourine.
- ▼ Opera
 - Understands Opera combines music, singing, and acting.
 - Familiar with one opera.
- ▼ Ballet
 - Understands that ballet combines music and movement, and often story.
 - Familiar with one ballet.
- ▼ Jazz
 - Familiar with the history and character of jazz, and important figures.
- ▼ Songs
 - Familiar with, through singing, traditional children’s songs.
- Keyboards
- ▼ Mathematics
 - Including Logic, Measurement, Time
 - Story of Our Numerals **M**
 - ▼ Numbers and Number Sense (Foundational)
 - Ordinal Language (1st - 10th) **C**
(remediation)
 - ▼ Teens & Tens
(remediation)
 - Teens Quantities **M**

- Teens Symbol **C M**
- Teens Quantity & Symbol United **M**
- Tens Quantity & Symbol **C M**
- Reading Numbers to 100 in Letters **C**
- Counting forward and backward up to 100 **C**
- Roman Numerals to XX **C**
- Ordinal Language (11th - 100th) **C**
(remediation)
- Tallies **C**
- Number Lines with Positive Numbers **C**
- Pictorial Graphs **C**
- Terms: Dozen, Half-dozen, Pair **C**
- Comparing with $<$, $>$, & $=$ **C**
- ▼ The Decimal System
(remediation)
 - ▼ Introducing Decimal System (Quantity) **M**
 - More than 1 in Each Category **M**
 - Introducing Symbol **C M**
 - Linking Quantity & Symbol **M**
 - Exchanging **C M**
 - Rounding to Nearest 10 & Nearest 100 **C**
- ▼ Wooden Hierarchical Material (WHM)
 - ▼ Introduction to Quantity and Language **C M**
 - Comparative Language "Greater than", "Most", etc. **C**
 - Geometric Shape and Families **M**
 - ▼ Introduction to Symbol **C M**
 - Reading Numbers to 1,000 in Digits and Letters **C**
 - Reading Numbers to 100,000 in Digits and Letters **C**
 - Symbol and Quantity **M**
- ▼ Large Bead Frame (LBF) Introduction
 - Counting **M**
 - Composing Numbers on Frame **M**
 - Writing on Notation Paper (No Zeroes) **M**
 - ▼ Composing & Writing; Writing & Composing (with Zeroes) **C M**
 - Writing Numbers to 100 in Digits **C**
 - Writing Numbers to 1,000 in Digits **C**

- Writing Numbers to 100,000 in Digits **C**
- Extending Numerical and Symbolic Patterns **C**
- Commutative Law
 - See “Commutative Law of Multiplication” under Multiplication
- Distributive Law
 - See “Distributive Law” under Computation / Problem Solving & Equations
- ▼ Multiples
 - Concept of Multiples **C M**
 - Concept of Common Multiples **M**
 - ▼ Table E, Multiples 1-100 **C M**
 - Skip counting by 2, 3, 5, and 10, up to 100 **C**
 - Tables A, B **M**
 - Table C **M**
 - Lowest Common Multiple (LCM) **M**
- Bar Graphs **C**
- Recording Numeric Data; Identifying Lowest & Highest Values (Range). **C**
- ▼ Factors
 - Concept of Factors **C M**
 - Prime Factors of Numbers **M**
 - Prime Factors on the Peg Board **M**
 - Highest Common Factor (HCF) **M**
 - Finding HCF with Table C **M**
 - Finding Lowest Common Multiple (LCM) with Table C **M**
 - Finding LCM with Factor T **M**
- ▼ Divisibility
 - Divisibility by 2 **M**
 - Divisibility by 5 **M**
 - Divisibility by 25 **M**
 - Divisibility by 4 **M**
 - Divisibility by 8 **M**
 - Chart for Divisibility **M**
 - Divisibility by 3 **M**
 - Divisibility by 6 **M**
 - Divisibility by 9 **M**
 - Divisibility by 11 **M**
 - Divisibility by 7 **M**

- Divisibility Using Prime Factors **M**
- Decomposing Numbers into Expanded Form
see “Multiplication with LBF”; e.g. $365 = 300 + 60 + 5$
- Perfect Squares to 100
see Squares & Cubes of Numbers
- Square Root Sign $\sqrt{\quad}$
see Square Root
- Negative Numbers & Uses
see Signed Numbers
- Number Lines with Positive & Negative Numbers
see “Introduction to Signed Numbers”
- Line Graphs **C**
- ▼ Fractions
 - ▼ Introductory
 - Concept of the Fraction **C M**
 - Naming Fractions **C M**
 - Symbol & Notation **C M**
 - Nomenclature for Fractions **C M**
numerator, denominator
 - Other Representations for Fractions **M**
rectangles/squares, triangles, etc.
 - Equivalence **C M**
 - Nomenclature for Equivalence **M**
raising, lowering
 - Mixed Numbers **C**
see “Multiplication by a Whole Number” under Fractions / Simple Operations
 - Comparing Like Fractions Using $<$, $>$, $=$ **C**
 - Percentages as Fractions
see “Centesimal” & “Percentages” under Decimal Fractions
 - ▼ Simple Operations
 - Addition with Like Fractions **M**
same denominators
 - Subtraction with Like Fractions **M**
same denominators
 - Multiplication by a Whole Number **M**
 - Division of Fractions by Whole Numbers **M**
 - ▼ Adding & Subtracting Unlike Fractions
 - Adding Unlike Fractions **M**
 - Subtracting Unlike Fractions **M**
 - Equivalencies for Unlike Fractions (to Abstraction) **M**

- Adding Unlike Fractions (to Abstraction) **M**
- Adding Unlike Fractions Using LCM **M**
requires LCM; same procedure for subtracting
- Fractions as Part of a Set **M**
- ▼ Multiplication & Division by a Fraction
 - Multiplication by a Fraction **M**
 - Multiplication by a Fraction (to Abstraction) **M**
 - Division by a Fraction **M**
 - Division by a Fraction (to Abstraction) **M**
 - Group Division by a Fraction **M**
- ▼ Decimal Fractions
“Decimals”
 - ▼ Introductory
 - Introduction to Quantity & Language **C M**
 - Introduction to Symbolic Notation **C M**
 - Translates $1/4$, $1/2$, & $3/4$ to Decimal Fractions, and the Reverse
see “Centesimal Frame”
 - Introduction to Decimal Board **M**
 - Reading & Writing Decimal Fractions **C M**
 - ▼ Simple Operations
with decimal board
 - Addition (Decimal Board) **C M**
 - Subtraction (Decimal Board) **C M**
 - Addition (Paper Only) **C M**
 - Subtraction (Paper Only) **C M**
 - Multiplication by Unit Multiplier (Decimal Board) **C M**
 - Division by Unit Divisor **C M**
 - ▼ Decimal Multipliers & Divisors **M**
with decimal board
 - Multiplication by Decimal (Final Product) **M**
 - Multiplication by Decimal (Partial Products) **M**
 - Relative Size of Numbers When Dividing **M**
 - Division by Decimal **M**
 - Decimal Squares **M**
 - ▼ Multiplication with Decimal Chequerboard **M**
 - Introduction to Decimal Chequerboard **M**
 - Mixed Number \times Mixed Number **M**

- Large Mixed Number \times Mixed Number **M**
- Decimal \times Decimal **M**
- Recording Partial Products **M**
- Multiplication (Paper Only) **M**
- Division (Paper Only) **M**
- ▼ Centesimal Frame
 - Algorithms for Decimal Fractions **M**
 - Rounding with Decimal Numbers **M**
 - Conversion **C M**
- ▼ Percentage

requires some decimal fractions, centesimal frame

 - Percentage with Graph Paper **C M**
 - Percentage with Centesimal Frame **C M**
- ▼ Money
 - Nomenclature: Pennies, Nickels, Dimes, Quarters, Dollar **C**
 - Symbol & Quantity: 1¢, 5¢, 10¢, 25¢, \$1 **C**

see “Percentage” under Decimal Fractions
 - Exchanging between Pennies, Nickels, Dimes, Quarters **C**
 - Making Change with the Fewest Coins **C**
 - Adding & Subtracting with Money **C**

see “Addition” & “Subtraction” under Decimal Fractions / Simple Operations
 - Decimal Points for Money **C**

see “Reading & Writing Decimal Fractions”
 - Multiplying & Dividing Money with Whole Numbers **C**

see “Multiplication” & “Division” under Decimal Fractions / Simple Operations
- ▼ Computation
 - ▼ Addition & Subtraction
 - Nomenclature: Addend, Sum, Minuend, Subtrahend, Difference **C M**
 - ▼ Addition with Golden Beads

(remediation)

 - ▼ Writing Sum at End **M**
 - Sums up to 100 **C**
 - Sums up to 1,000 **C**
 - Three Addends **C**
 - Writing Sum as You Solve **M**
 - Writing before Each Bead Movement **M**
 - ▼ Solving without Beads **C M**
 - Addends up to 10,000 **C**

- Adds up to 10,000 **C**
- Using Subtraction to Check Addition (Inverse Operation) **C**
- ▼ Subtraction with Golden Beads
 - (remediation)
 - Writing Difference at End **M**
 - Writing Difference as You Solve **M**
 - Writing before Each Bead Movement **M**
 - ▼ Solving without Beads **C M**
 - Minuends & Subtrahends up to 10,000 **C**
- Using Addition to Check Subtraction (Inverse Operation) **C**
- Checking a Sum or Difference by the Last Odd/Even Digit
- Mentally Subtracting 10 from a Two-digit Number **C**
- Estimating Sums and Differences **C**
- ▼ Memorization of Addition & Subtraction Facts with Finger Charts **C M**
 - (remediation)
 - Writing Math Facts Equations **C**
 - Self-Timing Facts to Two Minutes **C**
- Writing the same + or - Problem Vertically & Horizontally **C**
- ▼ Problem Solving & Equations
 - Solving for Missing Addend in Addition, or Minuend or Subtrahend in Subtraction **C**
 - using the inverse relationship of addition and subtraction operations
 - Solving for Missing Multiplicand in Multiplication Facts, or Missing Divisor or Dividend in Division Facts **C**
 - using the inverse relationship of division and multiplication operations
 - ▼ Word Problems
 - see also “Solving Elapsed Time Word Problems” under Math / Measurement / Time
 - Writing an Addition or Subtraction Equation to Solve Basic One-step Story & Picture Problems **C**
 - Simple Fraction Word Problems **C M**
 - Two-step Word Problems **C**
 - Two-step Fraction Word Problems **C M**
 - may include time, distance
 - Ratio Word Problems
 - see Ratio & Proportion
 - ▼ Distance, Velocity, & Time
 - ▼ Sensorial Problems
 - Solving for Distance **M**
 - Solving for Velocity **M**

- Solving for Time **M**
- ▼ Arithmetic Problems
 - Solving for Distance **M**
 - Solving for Velocity **M**
 - Solving for Time **M**
- ▼ Algebraic Problems
 - Solving for Distance **M**
 - Solving for Velocity **M**
 - Solving for Time **M**
- ▼ Principal, Interest, Rate, Time
 - ▼ Solving for Interest
 - Sensorial **M**
 - Arithmetic **M**
 - Algebraic **M**
 - ▼ Solving for Rate
 - Sensorial **M**
 - Arithmetic **M**
 - Algebraic **M**
 - ▼ Solving for Principal
 - Sensorial **M**
 - Arithmetic **M**
 - Algebraic **M**
 - ▼ Solving for Time
 - Sensorial **M**
 - Arithmetic **M**
 - Algebraic **M**
- ▼ Distributive Law
 - see also “Commutative Law” (under “Multiplication”)
 - Multiplication of a Sum by One Digit **C M**
 - ▼ Multiplication of a Sum by a Sum **C M**
 - Laying out Cards and Signs **C M**
 - Passage to Abstraction: Laying out Sums **C M**
 - ▼ Application to the Decimal System
 - Laying out Cards and Signs **M**
 - Laying out the Sums **M**
 - “htu” Notation **M**

- “htu” Notation **M**
 - Equations with Multiple Operations, Parentheses for Order of Operations **C**
e.g. $(43 - 32) \times (5 + 3) = \underline{\quad}$.
- ▼ Multiplication
see also “Multiples” under Numbers & Number Sense
 - ▼ Multiplication with Golden Beads
(remediation)
 - Writing Product at End **M**
 - Writing Product as You Solve **M**
 - Writing before Moving Beads **M**
 - ▼ Solving without Beads **C M**
 - 3-digit Multiplicand by 1-digit Multiplier, Dynamic **C**
i.e. with exchanging (“regrouping”)
 - Terms: Multiplicand, Multiplier, Product **C M**
 - Commutative Law of Multiplication, Introduction to **C M**
 - Simple Word Problems for Multiplication **C M**
 - Memorization of Multiplication Facts with Finger Charts **C M**
(remediation)
 - Estimating Products **C**
 - What Happens When Multiplying by 1, and by 0 **C**
 - Multiplying by 10, 100, and 1000 Adds Zeroes **C M**
prerequisite to LBF work
 - ▼ Long Multiplication with the Large Bead Frame (LBF)
requires multiplication facts, golden beads experience
 - [Decomposing Numbers into Expanded Form] **C M**
e.g. $365 = 300 + 60 + 5$
 - Writing Problem & Final Product: Two-Digit Multiplier **M**
 - Writing Problem & Final Product: Three-Digit Multiplier **M**
 - Writing Partial Products **M**
 - ▼ Bank Game
requires LBF experience
 - Exchanging at Final Product **M**
 - Exchanging at Partial Products **M**
 - Exchanging throughout **M**
 - Writing Numbers in Expanded Form Multiplication **C**
see bank game; e.g. $9,278 = (9 \times 1,000) + (2 \times 100) + (7 \times 10) + 8$
 - ▼ Chequerboard
requires experience with bead bars, golden beads multiplication
 - Introduction (Composing & Reading Numbers) **M**

- Long Multiplication with No Number Facts **M**
- Long Multiplication with Number Facts **M**
- ▼ Flat Bead Frame (FBF)
 - requires some experience with LBF
 - Recording Final Product **M**
 - Recording Partial Products **M**
- ▼ Geometric Form of Multiplication **M**
 - Variation: Multiplying Category by Category **M**
- ▼ Category Multiplication
 - with the chequerboard
 - Working on the Diagonal **M**
 - Placing Final Product Only **M**
 - Voicing the Categories Multiplied **M**
 - Writing the Categories Multiplied **M**
 - Working Just on Paper **M**
 - Number of Multiplications per Category **M**
- Long Multiplication in the Abstract **M**
- ▼ Division
 - Terms: Dividend, Divisor, Quotient, Remainder **C M**
 - ▼ Division with Golden Beads
 - (remediation)
 - Writing Quotient at End **M**
 - Writing Quotient as You Solve **M**
 - Writing before Moving Beads **M**
 - Solving without Beads **C M**
 - "0" Cannot Be a Divisor **C**
 - Any Number Divided by 1 Equals That Number **C**
 - Multiplication & Division Are Inverse Operations **C M**
 - Checking Division Answers by Multiplying (& Adding Remainder) **C M**
 - Memorization of Division Facts with Finger Charts **C M**
 - (remediation)
 - ▼ Long Division with Racks & Tubes
 - Review: Single-digit Divisor **C M**
 - recording problem, quotient, remainder
 - Recording Final Answer **M**
 - multi-digit divisors with racks and tubes
 - Recording Intermediate Remainders, Quotient, & Final Remainder **M**

- Recording What Has Been Used, Intermediate Remainders, Quotient, & Final Remainder **M**
- Special Cases **M**
- ▼ Group Division with Stamp Game
 - One-digit Divisor **C M**
 - Multi-digit Divisor **M**
 - Special Case: Zero in Quotient **M**
- ▼ Measurement

see also measurement of “Angles” under Geometry

 - Comparative Language: Longer, Lighter, etc. **C**
(remediation)
 - ▼ Length
 - Small Non-standard Unit of Measurement **C M**
 - Larger Non-standard Unit of Measurement **C M**
 - Story of Historical Measurements with Body Parts **M**
 - ▼ Story of Metric Measurements **C M**
 - Standard Unit of Measurement (Length) **C M**
 - Estimating Length & Checking **C**
 - Drawing Line Segments to a Centimeter Precision **C**
 - The Metric System (Length) **M**
With the Decimal Fraction Board
 - ▼ Story of English Customary Measurements **C M**
1 ft = 12 in; 1 yd = 3 ft; 1 yd = 36 in
 - Drawing Line Segments to a Quarter Inch Precision **C**
 - Measuring with Inches & Feet **C**
 - Abbreviations: ft., in. **C**
 - Measuring a Rectangle's Perimeter in Inches
 - Measuring with Yards **C**
 - A Meter is a Bit More than a Yard **C**
 - ▼ Volume (Capacity)

see also “Volume of ...” in Geometry

 - Volume (Metric) **C M**
 - Metric Volume with the Decimal Fraction Board **M**
 - Customary Units **C M**
1 quart = 2 pints; 1 gallon = 4 quarts; etc.
 - Conversion between Metric & Customary Units **C M**
1 L is a bit more than 1 qt; 1 in is about 2.5 cm; 1 lb is about .5 kg
 - Estimating then Measuring Liquid Volume (Capacity) in Various Units **C**

- ▼ **Weight**
 - **Non-standard Units of Weight.** C
 - **Weight (Standard Metric Unit)** C M
 - Using a Balance Scale; Abbreviations
 - **Metric Weights with the Decimal Fraction Board** M
 - **Customary Units of Weight** C M
 - Using a Scale; Abbreviations
 - **Estimating then Measuring Weight in Various Units** C
- **Area** M
 - see also “Area of ...” in Geometry
- ▼ **Temperature**
 - ▼ **The Fahrenheit Scale** C M
 - degree sign (°); freezing point of water 32° F
 - **Measuring and Recording Temperature in ° F** C
 - ▼ **The Celsius Scale** C M
 - freezing point of water 0° C
 - **Measuring and Recording Temperature in ° C** C
 - **The Kelvin Scale** M
- ▼ **Time**
 - **Time (The History of Telling Time)** M
 - ▼ **Clock Time (Using a Clock Face)**
 - **Telling Time to the Hour** C M
 - **A.M. & P.M.** C M
 - **Telling Time to the Half Hour** C
 - **Telling Time to the Five-Minute Interval** C
 - **Telling Time to the Minute** C M
 - **Telling Time Using Fractions** C M
 - “a quarter to”, “half past”, etc.
 - **Reading Roman Numerals** M
 - **Reading a 24-hour Clock Face** M
 - ▼ **The Year, Days of the Week, Months of the Year** C M
 - see also “Sources for English Names of Days” under Language / Literature / Fairy Tales & Myths
 - **The Ordinal Number of Each Day of the Week** C
 - **The Ordinal Number of Each Month** C
 - **Writing the Date in Both Words and Numbers** C
 - **Reading a Calendar for Day, Date, Month, & Year** C M
 - **Solving Elapsed Time Problems** C
 - see also Problem Solving & Equations

- ▼ Squares & Cubes of Numbers
 - Concept & Notation of Square of a Number **C M**
 - Concept & Notation of Cube of a Number **M**
 - Finding Squares in Multiplication Bead Bar Layout **M**
 - Building the Decanomial with Bead Bars Using Distributive Law **M**
“Tower of Jewels”
 - Building the Decanomial with Paper Squares & Rectangles **M**
 - Finding Patterns in Successive Differences of Squares of Numbers **M**
- ▼ Squaring & Cubing
 - ▼ Squaring
 - ▼ Transformation of a Square
 - Transformation of a Square of 10 into a Binomial **M**
 - Transformation of a Square of 10 into a Trinomial **M**
 - Paper Squares of Ten **M**
 - Graph Paper **M**
 - Binomial Expressed Algebraically **M**
 - Trinomial Expressed Algebraically **M**
 - ▼ Passing from One Square to Another
 - Passing from a Square to Its Successive Square **M**
 - Passing from Each Square to Each Successive Square **M**
 - Passing to a Non-Successive Square **M**
 - ▼ Squaring a Sum
 - Squaring a Binomial **M**
 - Squaring a Trinomial **M**
 - Squaring with Algebraic Expression **M**
 - ▼ Squaring with Hierarchical Value
 - Squaring a Binomial with Golden Bead Material **M**
 - Squaring a Binomial Using the Peg Board **M**
 - Squaring a Trinomial Using the Peg Board **M**
 - Squaring on Graph Paper **M**
 - Extraction of the Rules for Squaring **M**
 - Squaring Generalizations **M**
 - ▼ Cubing
 - ▼ Arithmetic Passages
 - see also “Volume” under Geometry
 - Passing from a Given Cube to a Successive Cube **M**

- From a Given Cube to a Non-Successive Cube **M**
- Cubing a Binomial (Numeric), Starting from the Square **M**
- Cubing a Binomial (Numeric), Starting from the Cube of the First Term **M**
- ▼ Algebraic Passages
 - Cube a Numeric Binomial, Derive a Formula, Introduce Algebraic Binomial **M**
 - ▼ The Algebraic Formula for Cube of a Trinomial **M**
 - Extension: Plugging Numbers into Formula **M**
 - Extension: Labelling the Prisms **M**
 - Extension: Quadrinomials **M**
 - ▼ Application to the Decimal System
 - The Story of the Three Kings **M**
 - Cubing a Number Given in Place Value Notation **M**
- ▼ Square Roots & Cube Roots
 - ▼ Square Roots
 - Concept and Notation of Square Root **C M**
 - Square Root of More Than One Digit **M**
 - ▼ Square Root of Any Size Number
 - Writing Final Answer **M**
 - More Writing: Intermediate Amounts **M**
 - Writing Throughout: What Has Been Used **M**
 - Square Root: Backtracking **M**
 - ▼ Passages to Abstraction
 - Completing the Square as You Go **M**
 - Calculating the Next Digit **M**
 - Next Step to Abstraction **M**
 - Special Cases **M**
 - Rule for Extraction **M**
 - ▼ Cube Root
 - Concept of Cube Root **M**
 - Extracting Large Cube Roots **M**
 - Extracting with More Writing **M**
 - Backtracking **M**
 - Three-digit Cube Roots: Category by Category **M**
 - Last Steps to Abstraction **M**

- Rule for Abstracting Cube Root **M**
- ▼ Powers of Numbers
 - Numerical Value & Notation for Powers of Two **M**
 - A Unit Can Be Any Size **M**
 - The Base Can Be Any Number **M**
 - Powers of Ten - The Decimal System **C M**
requires preceding work in powers
 - ▼ Operations with Powers
 - Addition **M**
 - Subtraction **M**
 - Multiplication **M**
 - Division **M**
 - ▼ Exponential Operations
 - The Decimal System **C M**
 - Addition **M**
 - Subtraction **M**
 - Short Multiplication **M**
 - Long Multiplication **M**
 - Division **M**
 - Further Notes on Powers of Numbers **M**
- ▼ Other Number Bases
 - Counting in Different Bases **M**
 - Expressing the Same Quantity in Different Bases **M**
 - ▼ Operations in Non-decimal Bases
 - Addition **M**
 - Subtraction **M**
 - Multiplication **M**
 - Distributive Division **M**
 - Group Division **M**
 - ▼ Operations in Non-decimal Bases (Paper Only)
 - Addition **M**
 - Subtraction **M**
 - Multiplication **M**
 - Division **M**
 - Conversion between Bases **M**
- ▼ Signed Numbers

- ▼ Signed Numbers
 - Introduction to Signed Numbers **C** **M**
with number line
 - Negative Snake Game **M**
 - Addition **M**
 - Subtraction **M**
 - Multiplication **M**
 - Division **M**
- ▼ Ratio & Proportion
 - ▼ Ratio
 - Introduction to Ratio **M**
 - Equivalent Ratios **M**
 - ▼ Word Problem Solving with Ratios
 - Sensorial Introduction **M**
 - Paper Only **M**
 - Applying Knowledge of Common Fractions **M**
 - More Word Problems **M**
 - ▼ Proportion
 - Introduction to Proportion **M**
 - Fractions in Proportion **M**
 - Word Problems **M**
 - Activities for Ratio & Proportion **M**
- Introduction to Algebra
coming in 2023
- Mathematician Biographies
- ▼ Logic
 - Venn Diagram
- ▼ Geometry
 - The Story of How Geometry Got It's Name **M**
 - Left vs. right hand. **C**
 - Seeing shapes in objects and artifacts (windows, pictures, cars, etc.) **C**
 - ▼ Congruency, Similarity, Equivalency
Recognizing and making figures and designs
 - Congruent **C** **M**
 - Similar **M**
 - Equivalent **M**

- ▼ Geometric Construction
 - Zeroing a Ruler **M**
 - Using a Compass **M**
 - Using a Set-Square **M**
 - Design with Metal Insets **M**
 - Design with Compass and Ruler **M**
 - Making symmetric figures with a line of symmetry **C**
- ▼ Equivalent Figures with Elementary Metal Insets
 - Triangle **M**
 - Rhombus: Minor Diagonal **M**
 - Rhombus: Major Diagonal **M**
 - Trapezoid **M**
 - Decagon to Broad Rectangle **M**
 - Decagon to Narrow Rectangle **M**
 - Pentagon **M**
- ▼ Lines
 - Concept of a Line: Rectilinear & Curvilinear **M**
 - Parts of a Straight Line (Ray, Line Segment) **M**
 - Labelling/Reading Line Segments with Letters **C**
 - Position of a Straight Line: Horizontal, Vertical, Oblique **C M**
 - Position of Two Lines: Parallel, Converging, Diverging **C M**
 - Intersection of Two Lines: Intersecting, Perpendicular **C M**
- ▼ Polygons
 - Concept of a Polygon **M**
 - Names of Regular Polygons **C M**
 - ▼ Nomenclature of Polygons **C M**
 - Sides as line segments (for example, side CD). **C**
 - Types of Triangles **M**
 - Parts of a Trapezoid **M**
 - Parts of a Rhombus **M**
 - Parts of a Regular Polygon **C M**
 - ▼ Types of Triangles **M**
 - According to sides **M**
 - According to angles **M**
 - Detective Triangle Game

- Detective Triangle Game
- According to sides and angles **M**
- Parts of a Right Angle Triangle **M**
- ▼ Types of Quadrilaterals **C M**
 - The Family Tree of Quadrilaterals **M**
- Types of Planar Simple Closed Curves **M**
- Sums of Angles in Polygons **M**
- ▼ Diagonals of Polygons **M**
 - Number of Diagonals for Stability **M**
 - Number of Diagonals in a Polygon **M**
- ▼ Angles
 - Concept of an Angle **M**
 - Types of Angles **M**
 - Parts of Angles **M**
 - Labelling/Reading Angles with Letters (e.g., angle ABC). **C**
 - Relationships between Angles **M**
 - Angles Made by a Transversal **M**
 - Relationship between Angles of Parallel Lines Cut by Transversal **M**
 - Measurement of an Angle **M**
 - Addition and Subtraction of Angles with Montessori Protractor **M**
 - Bisecting an Angle **M**
- ▼ Equivalence
 - Story of Pythagoras
 - ▼ Equivalence with Iron Material
 - Triangle - Sensorial **M**
 - Rhombus - Sensorial **M**
 - Triangle - Reasoning **M**
 - Triangle, Rhombus, & Rectangle - Reasoning **M**
 - Trapezoid - Sensorial **M**
 - Trapezoid - Reasoning **M**
 - Decagon 1 - Sensorial **M**
 - Decagon 2 - Sensorial **M**
 - Decagon 1 - Reasoning **M**
 - Decagon 2 - Reasoning **M**
 - Pythagoras Plate I **M**

- Pythagoras Plate II **M**
- Pythagoras with Constructive Triangles **M**
- Euclid's Plate - Sensorial **M**
- Euclid's Plate - Stage 2 **M**
- ▼ Area of Plane Figures
 - ▼ Concept of Area **C M**
 - Rectangle, including in square inches and centimeters **C M**
 - Parallelogram **M**
 - Acute Triangle: Double the Area **M**
 - Acute Triangle: Half the Height **M**
 - Acute Triangle: Half the Base **M**
 - Right Triangle: Double the Area **M**
 - Right Triangle: Half the Height **M**
 - Right Triangle: Half the Base **M**
 - Obtuse Triangle: Double the Area **M**
 - Obtuse Triangle: Half the Height **M**
 - Obtuse Triangle: Half the Base **M**
 - ▼ Deriving Area Formulae with Yellow Material **M**
 - Rectangle **M**
 - Parallelogram **M**
 - Acute Triangle: Double the Area **M**
 - Acute Triangle: Half the Height **M**
 - Acute Triangle: Half the Base **M**
 - Right Triangle: Double the Area **M**
 - Right Triangle: Half the Height **M**
 - Right Triangle: Half the Base **M**
 - Obtuse Triangle: Double the Area **M**
 - Obtuse Triangle: Half the Height **M**
 - Obtuse Triangle: Half the Base **M**
 - ▼ Deriving Area Formulae with Iron Material **M**
 - Triangle and Rectangle Plate **M**
 - Rhombus **M**
 - Trapezoid **M**
 - Extension: Pentagon **M**
 - Decagon **M**

- ▼ The Circle
 - Concept of a Circle **M**
 - Parts of a Circle **M**
 - Nomenclature **M**
 - Relationship of Circle and Line **M**
 - Relationship of Two Circles **M**
 - ▼ Area of a Circle **M**
 - Circle as a Special Polygon **M**
 - Circumference of a Circle **M**
 - Deriving the Formula for Area of a Circle **M**
- Relationship between Apothem and Side of a Plane Figure **M**
- ▼ Solids **C M**
 - Nomenclature **C M**
 - Constructing Geometric Solid Figures **M**
 - Basic Concepts of Dimensions **M**
 - Regular Prisms - Transformation into Rectangular Prisms **M**
 - Polyhedra **M**
 - ▼ Surface Area of Solids **M**
 - Rectangular Prism **M**
 - Triangular Prism **M**
 - Cylinder **M**
 - Pyramid **M**
 - Cone **M**
- ▼ Volume **M**
 - Concept of Volume **M**
 - Comparing Solids Built with Unit Cubes **M**
 - ▼ Volume of a Right Rectangular Prism **M**
 - Three Important Dimensions **M**
 - Algebraic Formula **M**
 - ▼ Volume of Non-rectangular Prisms **M**
 - Rhombic Prism **M**
 - Triangular Prism **M**
 - Hexagonal Based Prism **M**
 - Volume of a Pyramid **M**
 - ▼ Solids of Rotation **M**

- Volume of a Cylinder **M**
- Volume of a Cone **M**
- Volume of a Sphere **M**
- Story of Archimedes **M**
- ▼ Life Skills
 - Including Practical Life, Grace & Courtesy
 - ▼ Health & Wellness
 - Nutrition
 - Personal Hygiene
 - Cognitive-Emotional Skills
 - Risk Management
 - ▼ Practical Life
 - Including Going Out
 - Cooking
 - Shopping
 - Navigation & Transportation
 - Cleaning
 - Home Repair
 - Engineering
 - Machines, wood, metal, and plastics
 - Personal Finance
 - ▼ Grace & Courtesy
 - Nonverbal communication
 - Listening Skills
 - Key concept: consideration
 - Eating Etiquette
 - Sportsmanship
 - Meeting & Greeting
 - Hosting & Being a Guest
 - Phone and Letter Etiquette
 - Tipping
 - Workplace Etiquette
 - Accepting and giving gifts
 - ▼ Workplace Skills
 - Organizational Skills
 - Technology Skills

- Agriculture
- Sports